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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/695,604	10/28/2003	Mark W. Morgan	TI-36312	6318
23494	7590	10/10/2008	EXAMINER	
TEXAS INSTRUMENTS INCORPORATED P O BOX 655474, M/S 3999 DALLAS, TX 75265			TRA, ANH QUAN	
ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
	2816			
NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE			
10/10/2008	ELECTRONIC			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

uspto@ti.com

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/695,604	Applicant(s) MORGAN ET AL.
	Examiner QUAN TRA	Art Unit 2816

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED. (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 August 2008.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 21-28 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) 24-28 is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 21-23,27 and 28 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-146/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application
 6) Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 8/13/08 has been entered. New rejections are introduced as necessitated by amendment

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 21-23, 25 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's admitted prior art figure 2 in view of Fujioka (USP 6020781) and Cartwright (USP 4064506), previously cited.

Applicant's prior art figure 2 shows a multistage differential amplifier, comprising: a first amplifier stage (20), the first amplifier stage including a first differential pair of input transistors (102, 112) with loads (129, 131) coupled to a supply voltage (ground) through a first common-mode transistor (122) and a first pair of emitter-follower output transistors (140, 170) coupled to the first differential pair of input transistors; a second amplifier stage (40), the second amplifier stage including a second differential pair of input transistors (202, 212) coupled to the supply voltage through a second common-mode transistor (222) and a second pair of emitter-follower

output transistors (240, 170) coupled to the second differential pair of input transistors, wherein the second differential pair of input transistors is coupled to the first pair of emitter-follower output transistors. The prior art figure 2 fails to teach the detail of circuit that generates Vbias. However, Fujioka's figure 1 shows a bias voltage generator (61-66) providing a stable constant voltage. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to use Fujioka's bias voltage generator as the prior art figure 2's bias voltage generator for the purpose of providing a stable constant bias voltage. Thus, the modified prior art figure 2 further shows a voltage regulator coupled to control the first common-mode transistor, the voltage regulator including (i) a differential amplifier (61) with a first input from a reference voltage, a second input from a temperature responsive unit (64-66), and an output to a third transistor connected between a supply voltage and the temperature responsive unit and a regulated voltage output locus between the third transistor (63) and the temperature responsive unit, wherein the temperature responsive unit includes in series a first resistor, a second resistor, and a diode-connected transistor. The modified prior art figure 2 further fails to show that the diode connected transistor is bipolar transistor. However, Cartwright teaches in column 5, lines 35-47, that bipolar transistors have an advantage over FET's in that their transconductances tend to be little affected by emitter-to-collector potential variations. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to use bipolar transistors for Fujinoka's transistors for the purpose of improving the performance of the voltage reference voltage generator. Thus, the modified prior art figure 2 further shows that the diode connected transistor having a voltage-temperature response similar to that of each of the first pair of emitter-follower output transistors in the first amplifier stage.

As to claim 22, Fujioka fails to show that the diode connected transistor is connected between the first and second resistors. However, the function of Fujioka's voltage generator will

not be changed of the positions of the diode connected transistor and the first resistor (65) are swap. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to exchange the positions of the first resistor and the diode connected transistor due to doctrine of equivalent function and dependent upon the environ of use to ensure optimum performance.

As to claim 23, Fujioka shows the diode-connected transistor is between the output locus and the first resistor, first resistor is between the diode-connected transistor and the second resistor, and the second resistor is between the first resistor and ground, and (ii) the input from a temperature responsive unit connects between the first resistor and the second resistor.

As to claim 27, the modified prior art figure 2 shows that the voltage regulator is coupled to control said second common-mode transistor; and wherein the diode-connected transistor has a voltage-temperature response similar to that of each of the second pair of emitter-follower output transistors in the second amplifier stage.

As to claim 28, the prior art figure 1 shows (a) a third amplifier stage (16), said third amplifier stage including (i) a third differential pair of input transistors with loads coupled to said supply voltage through a third common-mode transistor and (ii) a third pair of emitter-follower output transistors coupled to said third differential pair of input transistors, wherein said third differential pair of input transistors is coupled to said second pair of emitter-follower output transistors (figure 2).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 24-26 are allowed.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to QUAN TRA whose telephone number is (571)272-1755. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lincoln Donovan can be reached on 571-272-1988. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/QUAN TRA/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2816